



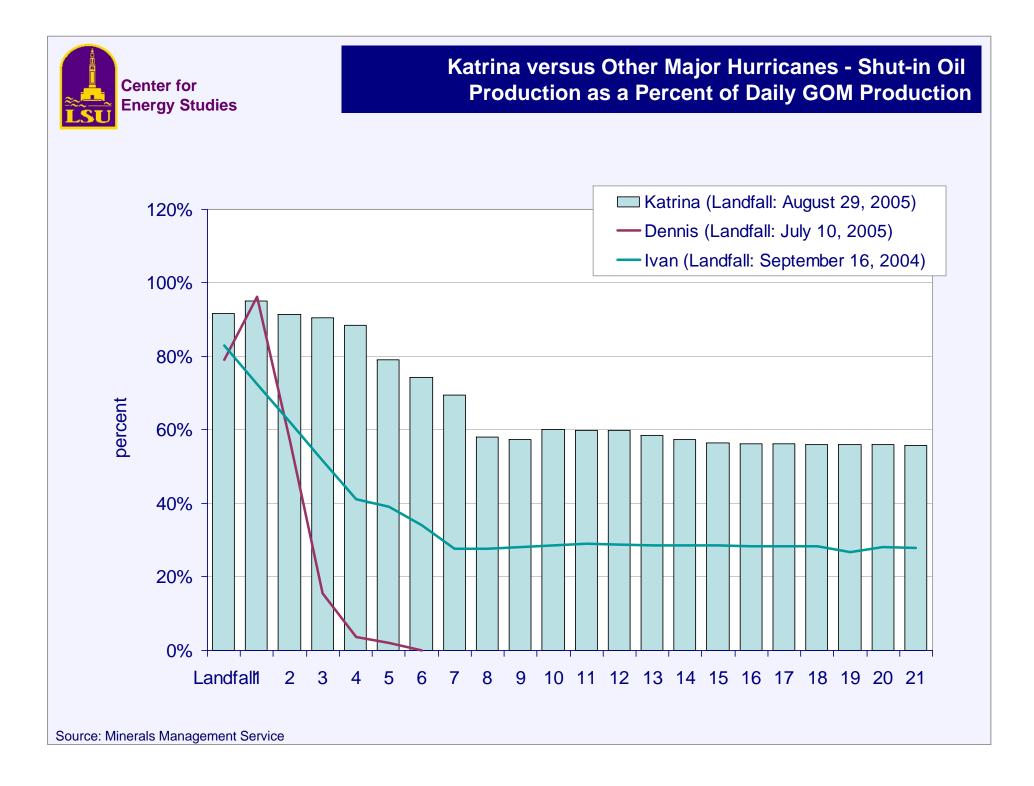
Impacts of Recent Hurricanes and the Outlook for Energy Markets

Presentation to Baton Rouge Rotary Club November 8, 2005



David E. Dismukes Center for Energy Studies Louisiana State University

- Hurricanes were incredibly destructive to energy business and ramifications are going to be long lived (locally and nationally).
- Hurricanes created more destruction than offshore production storms clearly showed the interrelationship of all types of energy infrastructure in the Gulf – the "4 Ps" – production, processing, pipes, and power.
- Hurricanes created more destruction than just that along the Gulf price ramification were felt nationally – and impacts felt globally in energy markets.
- In the near term, this will be the most expensive heating season on record for American consumers.
- Price and supply wildcards: weather and industrial activity. The claims of demand destruction potentially overstated in very near term – not in intermediate to longer term.
- Energy markets are likely to not be back on their feet prior to the next hurricane season.
- Potentially setting ourselves up for a **major** "supply-demand" realignment.





Refineries Impacted by Katrina Gulf Coast, Port Arthur and Lake Charles

Company	Location	Processing Capacity (barrels per day)		Status (as of August 31)
ExxonMobil	Baton Rouge, LA	4	193,500	reduced runs
ChevronTexaco	Pascagoula, MS	325,500		shutdown
Citgo	Lake Charles, LA	324,300		total supply loss
ConocoPhillips	Belle Chasse, LA	247,000		shutdown
Marathon	Garyville, LA	245,000		shutdown
ConocoPhillips	Lake Charles, LA	239,400		total supply loss
Motiva (Shell)	Convent, LA	235,000		shutdown
Motiva (Shell)	Norco, LA	226,500		shutdown
Total	Port Arthur, TX	211,500		reduced runs
ExxonMobil	Chalmette, LA	187,200		shutdown
Valero	St. Charles	185,000		shutdown
Murphy	Meraux	120,00		shutdown
Valero	Krotz Springs, LA	80,000		reduced runs
Shell Chemical	Saraland, AL	80,000		?
Shell Chemical	St Rose, LA	55,000		shutdown
Placid Oil	Port Allen, LA	48,500		reduced runs

Source: Energy Information Administration, Department of Energy



Total Immediate Refinery Impact

LA/MS/AL Gulf Coast Refiners

(reduced runs and shutdowns) 2,528 thousand bbls/day 15% of US operating capacity

Port Arthur/Lake Charles

(reduced runs and supply loss) 775 thousand bbls/day 5% of US operating capacity

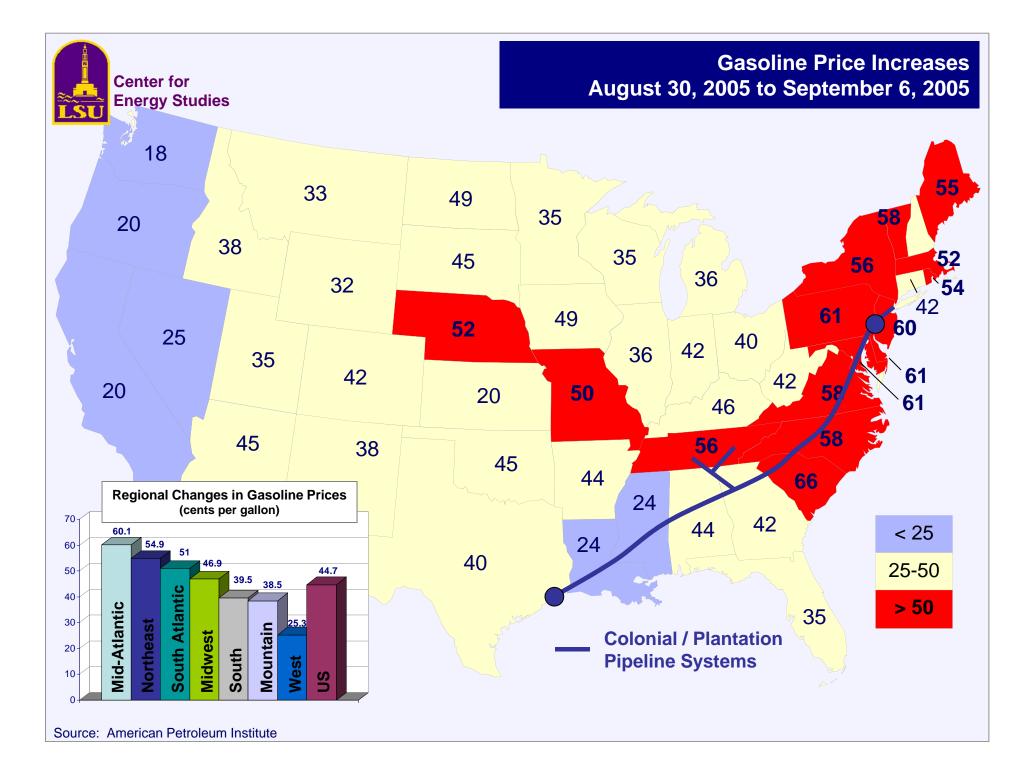
Midwest

(reduced runs – supplied by Capline Pipeline) 1,628 thousand bbls/day 10% of US operating capacity

Total Refinery Impact 4,931 thousand bbls/day 30% of US operating capacity

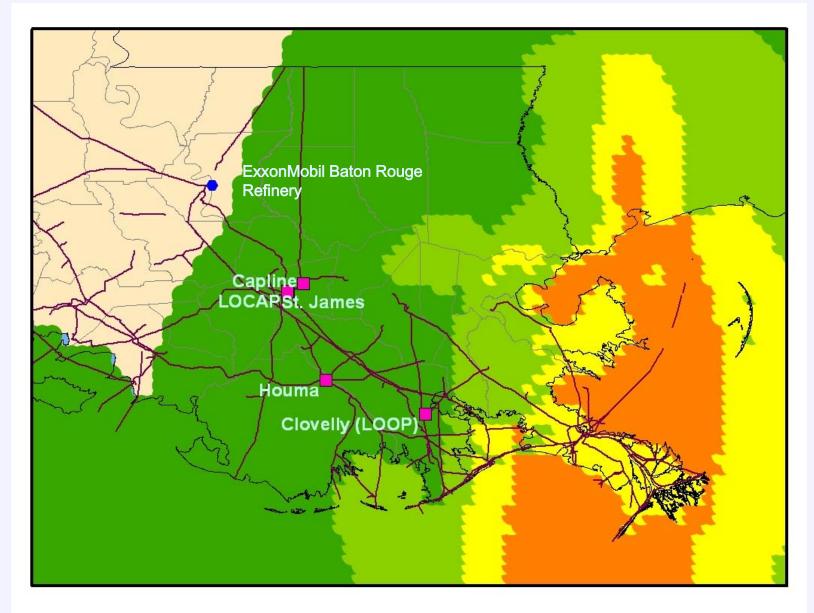
Remaining US Operating Capacity 12,075 thousand bbls/day 70% of US operating capacity

Source: Energy Information Administration, Department of Energy



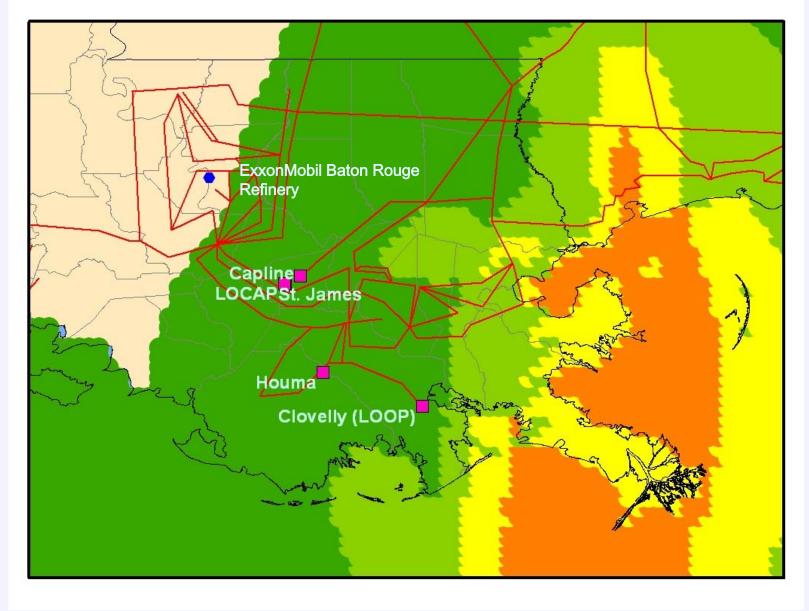


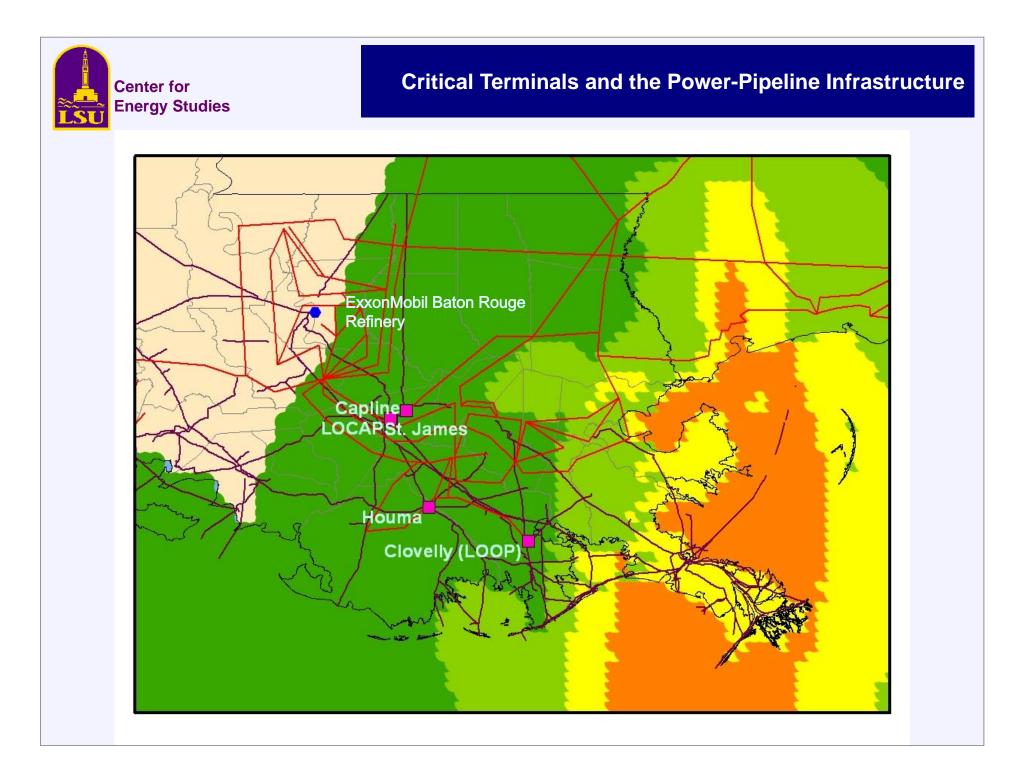
Critical Terminals Impacted by Katrina

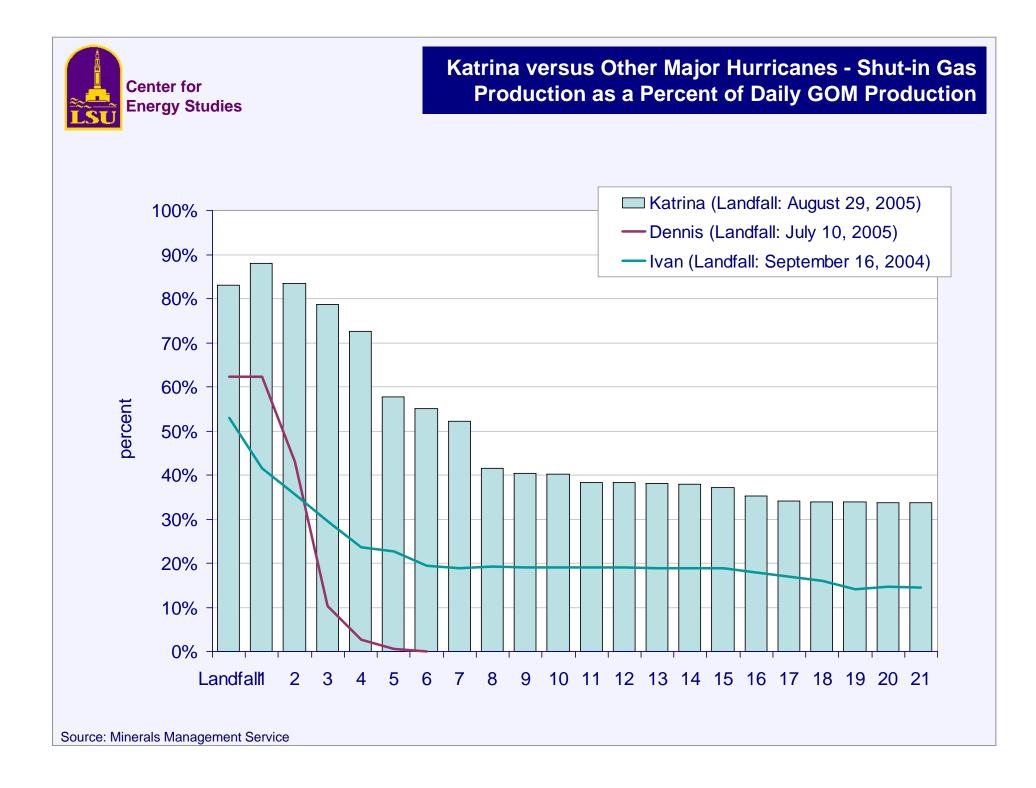




Critical Electricity Transmission Lines Impacted by Katrina









Number of Natural Gas Processing Facilities Out

Plant	Location	Capacity as of Jan 1, 2005 (MMcf/	2004 Average Throughput d)	
Dynegy Dynegy Enterprise Prod. BP ExxonMobil	Pascagoula, MS Garden City, LA	1,850 1,300 1,100 1,000 630	997 468 768 n.a.	serious damage serious damage assessment ongoing temporary pipeline outages waiting on power
Duke Energy Marathon ExxonMobil	Bay, AL Burns Point, LA Grand Isle, LA	600 200 115	60	temporary pipeline outages waiting on power waiting on power



Shell Mars Tension Leg Platform



Source: Shell.com



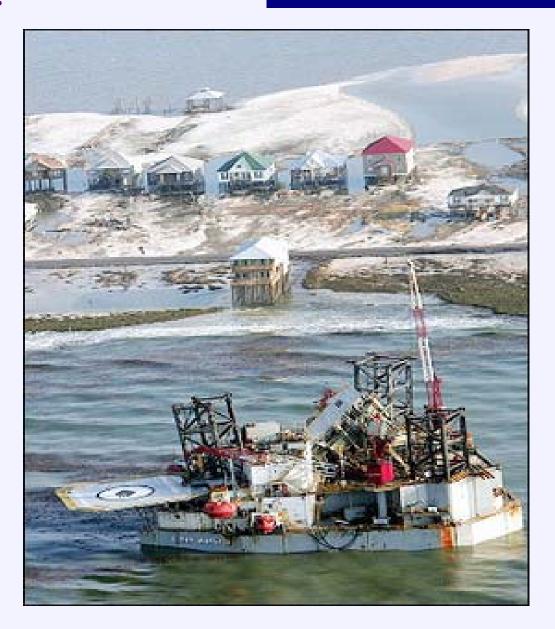
Shell Mars Tension Leg Platform



Source: Shell.com



Ocean Warwick Dauphin Island, AL



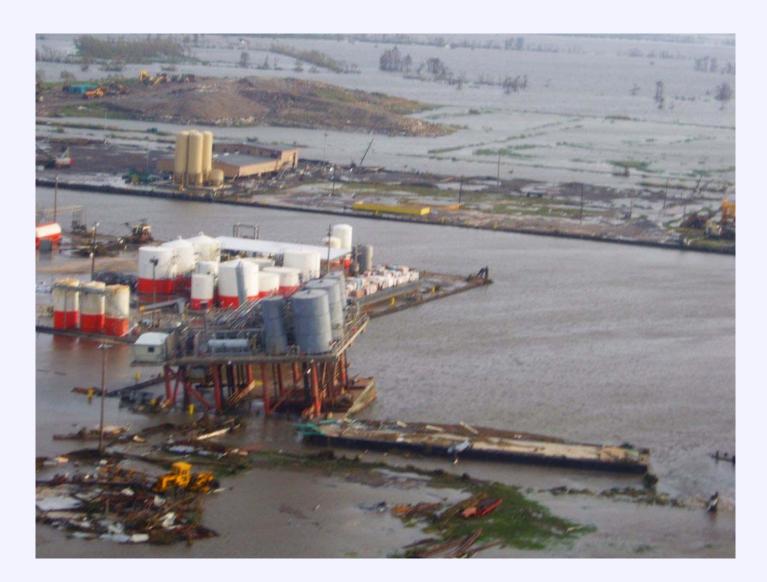


Semi-Sub Stuck Under Bridge North Mobile Bay





Venice Port, Supply & Crew Bases





Chevron Refinery Pascagoula, MS

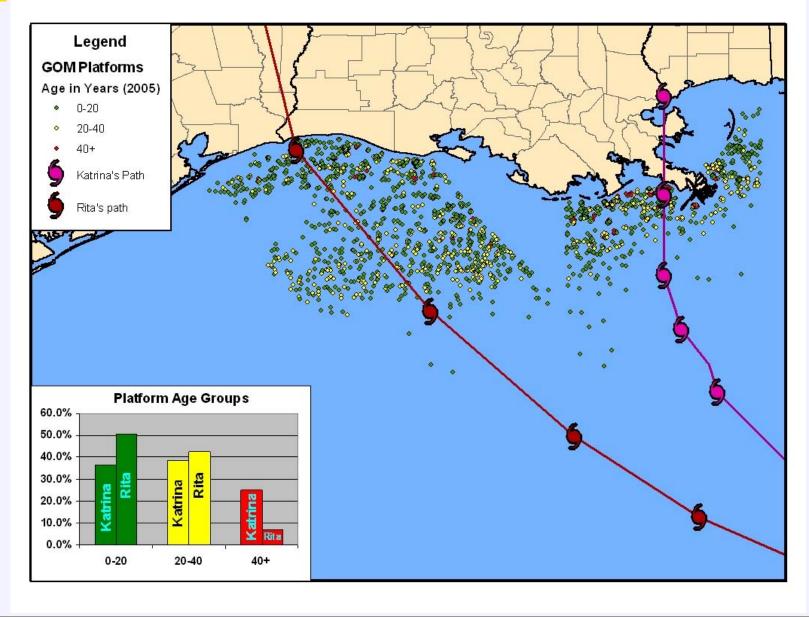




Then, Along Comes Rita



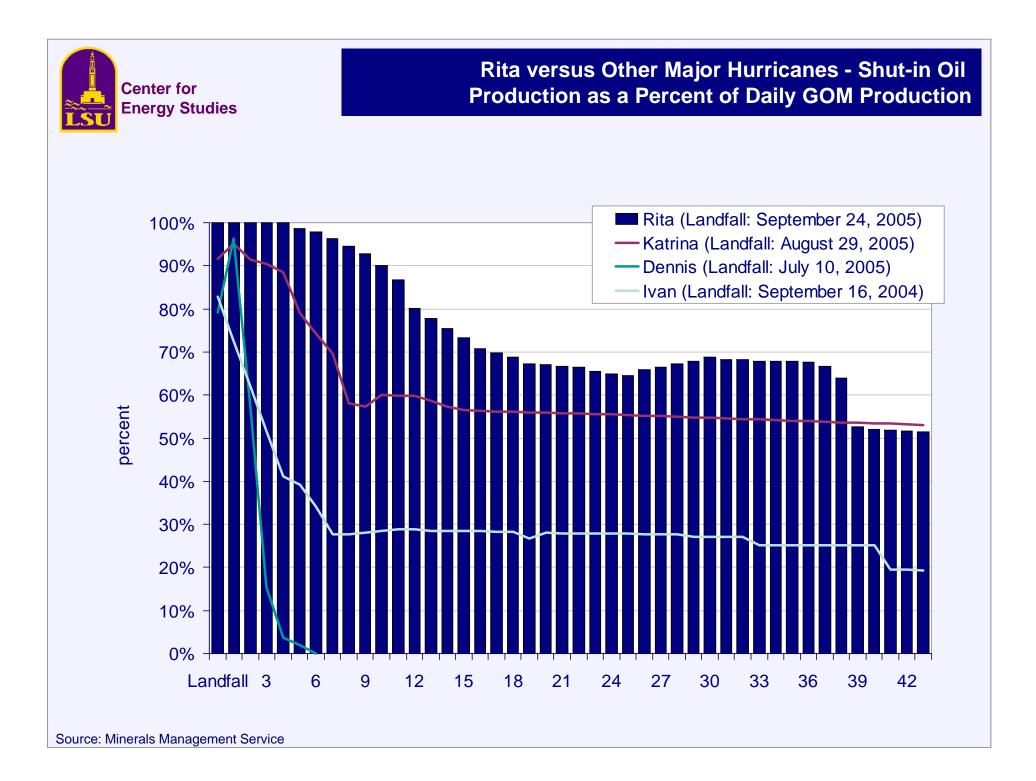
Platforms/Structures Impacted by Rita





Date	Shut-in Oil Production (bbls/day)	Percent of Daily GOM Oil Production (%)	Rita Cumulative Shut-in Oil Production (bbls)	Percent of Annual GOM Oil Production (%)	Total Cumulative Shut-in Oil Production ¹ (bbls)	Percent of Annual GOM Oil Production (%)
week anding 0/22/05	1 406 077	00.1%	4 8 40 500	0.0%	20.280.664	E E0/
week ending 9/23/05 week ending 9/30/05	1,486,877	99.1% 97.8%	4,840,509	0.9% 2.8%	30,280,661	5.5% 7.5%
U U	1,467,577		15,341,909		40,828,134	
week ending 10/7/05	1,162,913	77.5%	21,748,657	4.0%	50,105,764	9.2%
week ending 10/14/05	1,008,909	67.3%	25,897,819	4.7%	57,642,292	10.5%
week ending 10/21/05	986,805	65.8%	30,803,744	5.6%	64,547,816	11.8%
week ending 10/28/05	1,017,551	67.8%	35,918,222	6.6%	71,613,334	13.1%
31-Oct-05	1,015,859	67.7%	1,015,859	0.2%	74,664,422	13.6%
1-Nov-05	1,000,092	66.7%	2,015,951	0.4%	75,664,514	13.8%
2-Nov-05	957,978	63.9%	2,973,929	0.5%	76,622,492	14.0%
3-Nov-05	790,610	52.7%	3,764,539	0.7%	77,413,102	14.1%
4-Nov-05	780,633	52.0%	4,545,172	0.8%	78,193,735	14.3%
7-Nov-05	773,097	51.5%	773,097	0.1%	80,526,022	14.7%

Note: ¹ cumulative production is as of August 26, 2005 Source: Minerals Management Service





Total Immediate Refinery Impact

Port Arthur/Lake Charles

(shutdowns and damaged facilities) 1,715 thousand bbls/day 10% of US operating capacity

Houston/Texas City

(shutdowns and damaged facilities) 2,292 thousand bbls/day 13.5% of US operating capacity

Corpus Christi

(shutdown and reduced runs) 706 thousand bbls/day 4% of US operating capacity

Midwest

(reduced runs from supply loss) 338 thousand bbls/day 2% of US operating capacity

Total Refinery Impact 5,052 thousand bbls/day 30% of US operating capacity

Remaining US Operating Capacity 11,954 thousand bbls/day 70% of US operating capacity

Source: Energy Information Administration, Department of Energy

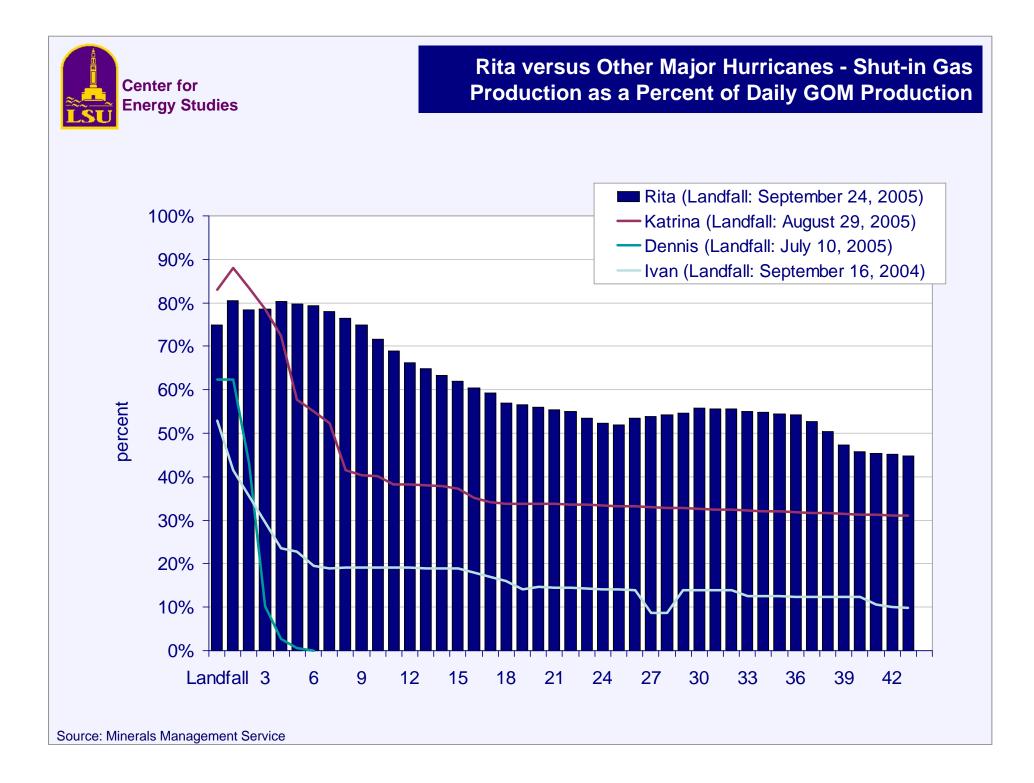




Energy Studies

Date	Shut-in Oil Production (bbls/day)	Percent of Daily GOM Oil Production (%)	Rita Cumulative Shut-in Oil Production (bbls)	Percent of Annual GOM Oil Production (%)	Total Cumulative Shut-in Oil Production ¹ (bbls)	Percent of Annual GOM Oil Production (%)
week anding 0/22/05	7 204	72.00/	21 002	0.6%	1 4 4	2 00/
week ending 9/23/05	7,204	72.0%	21,993	0.6%	141	3.8%
week ending 9/30/05	7,941	79.4%	77,174	2.1%	196	5.4%
week ending 10/7/05	6,441	64.4%	111,802	3.1%	246	6.8%
week ending 10/14/05	5,647	56.5%	135,109	3.7%	289	7.9%
week ending 10/21/05	5,337	53.4%	161,728	4.4%	327	8.9%
week ending 10/28/05	5,504	55.0%	189,408	5.2%	365	10.0%
31-Oct-05	5,427	54.3%	5,427	0.1%	381	10.4%
1-Nov-05	5,269	52.7%	10,696	0.3%	386	10.6%
2-Nov-05	5,043	50.4%	15,739	0.4%	391	10.7%
3-Nov-05	4,727	47.3%	20,466	0.6%	396	10.9%
4-Nov-05	4,569	45.7%	25,035	0.7%	401	11.0%
7-Nov-05	4,482	44.8%	4,482	0.1%	414	11.4%

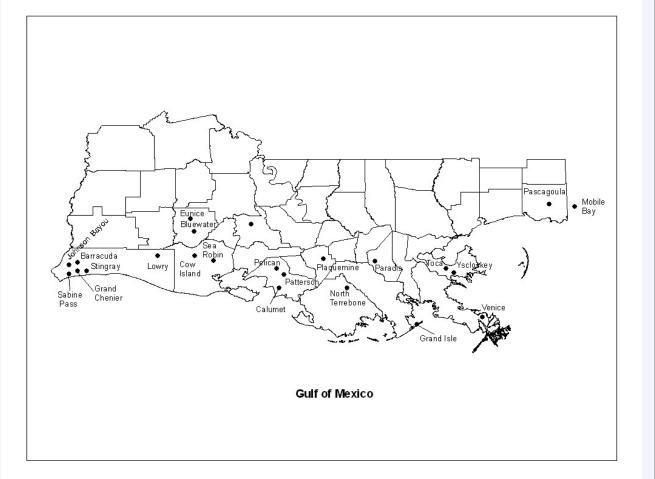
Note: ¹ cumulative production is as of August 26, 2005 Source: Minerals Management Service





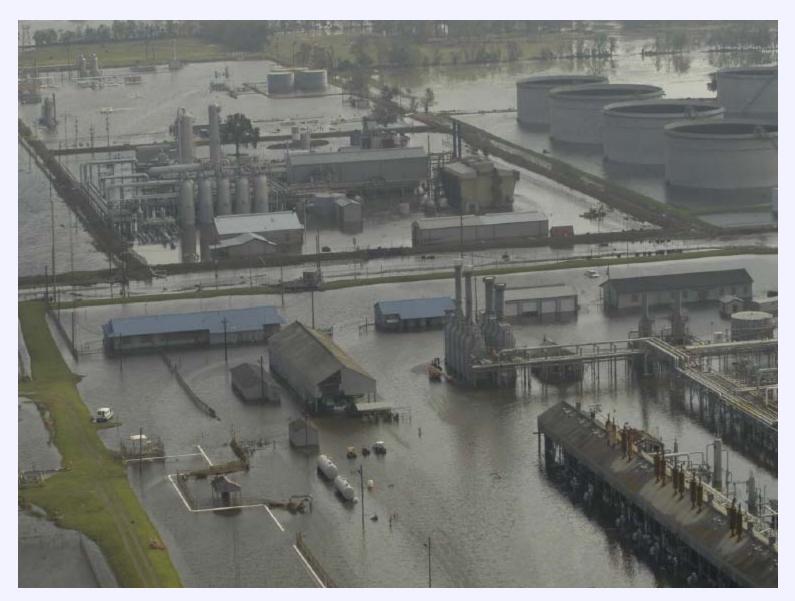
Number of Natural Gas Processing Facilities Out

	Capacity (MMcf/d)	Throughput (MMcf/d)
Mississippi and Alabama Plants		
BP Pascagoula	1,000.0	768.0
DEFS Mobile Bay	600.0	272.0
RDS Yellowhammer	200.0	135.0
Total	1,800.0	1,175.0
East Louisiana Plants		
DYN Venice	1,300.0	997.0
EPD Toca	1,100.0	607.8
DYN Yscloskey	1,850.0	1,343.0
Total	4,250.0	2,947.8
West Louisiana Plants		
DYN Barracuda	225.0	155.0
BP Grand Chenier	600.0	344.0
WMB Johnson Bayou	425.0	114.0
EPD Sabine Pass	300.0	166.0
DYN Stingray	305.0	257.0
Total	1,855.0	1,036.0
Central Louisiana Plants		
DYN Lowry	300.0	195.0
EPD Cow Island	500.0	134.0
AHC Sea Robin	900.0	571.8
EPD Calumet	1,600.0	733.0
Norcen Patterson I	600.0	500.0
DUK Patterson II	500.0	246.0
EPD Pelican	325.0	290.0
Total	4,725.0	2,669.8
Grand Total	12,630.0	7,828.6
Assumed Total GOM Production	-,	10,000.0
Percent of Total		78.3%





Henry Hub, September 25, 2005



Source: LIOGA



Entergy Transmission



Source: Entergy.com



Single Well Caisson – Western GOM



Damaged Single-Well Caisson: The vast majority of damage occurred to small, older platforms. Damage ranged from stripping of decking and rails to bending of well jacket and in some cases total removal of all above sea level structural components.

Source: MMS



Natural Gas Pipeline Leak

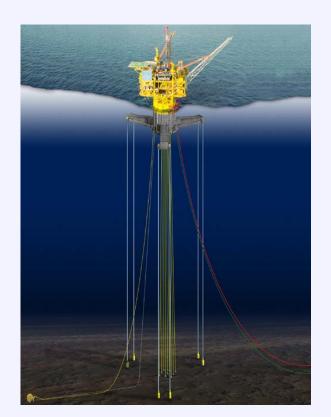


Temporary Natural Gas Release: To date, all subsea safety valves have held. There have been a couple of incidents where pipeline damage has allowed the temporary venting of gas that was in the pipeline. There are currently no known incidents of gas venting from wells and the temporary venting from pipelines appears to have stopped.

Source: MMS



Chevron Typhoon TLP









Energy Studies

Longer Run Impacts of Hurricanes Katrina and Rita



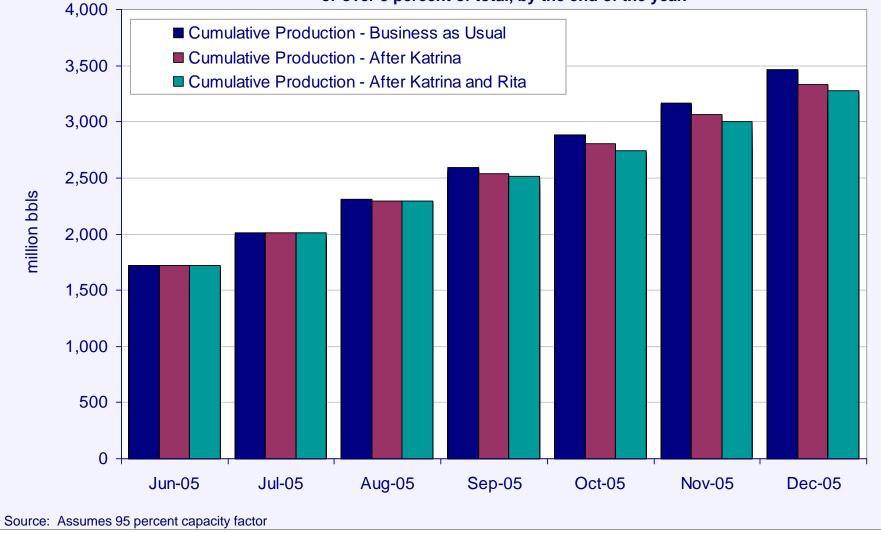
Estimated Decrease in Refining Production from both Katrina and Rita

Refining capacity should return to normal soon, but there will be a stubborn five percent of total capacity that has unknown return date - not good for tight markets 6,000 100% Total Lost Production 90% — Lost Production as a Percent of US Total Capacity 5,000 80% 70% thousand bbls per day 4,000 percent of US capacity 60% 50% 3,000 40% 2,000 30% 20% 1,000 10% 0% 0 Landfall 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 90 100 110 120 80

Source: Assumes 95 percent capacity factor; assumes 4 week recovery for facilities damaged by Rita.

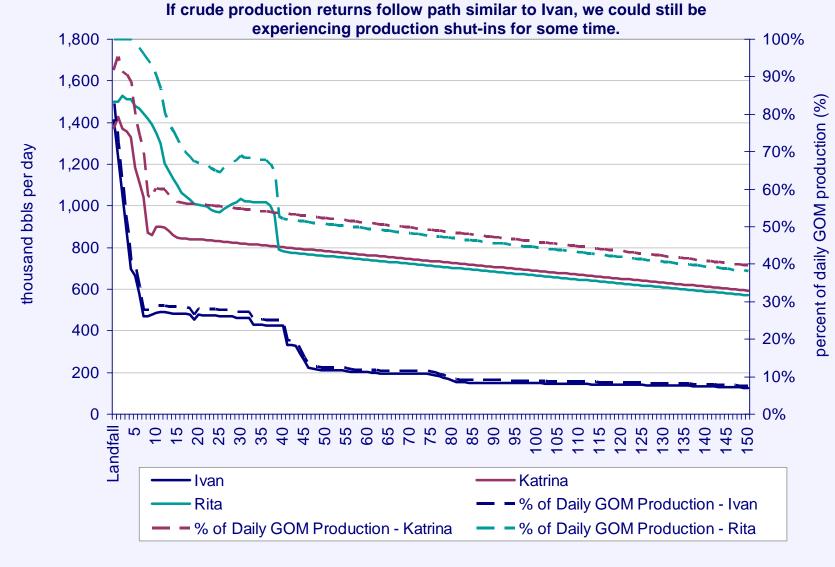


Impacts of Katrina result in a loss of 136.5 million barrels, or 4 percent of total production, by the end of the year. Impacts of Katrina and Rita result in a loss of 188.7 million barrels, or over 5 percent of total, by the end of the year.

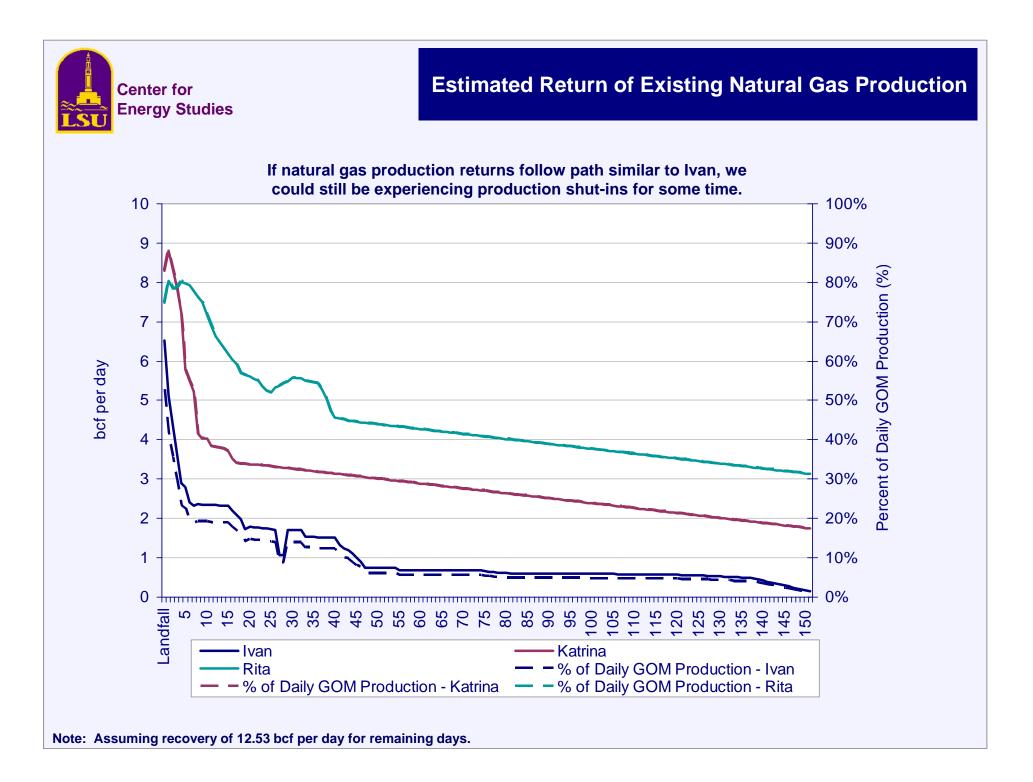




Estimated Return of Existing Crude Production

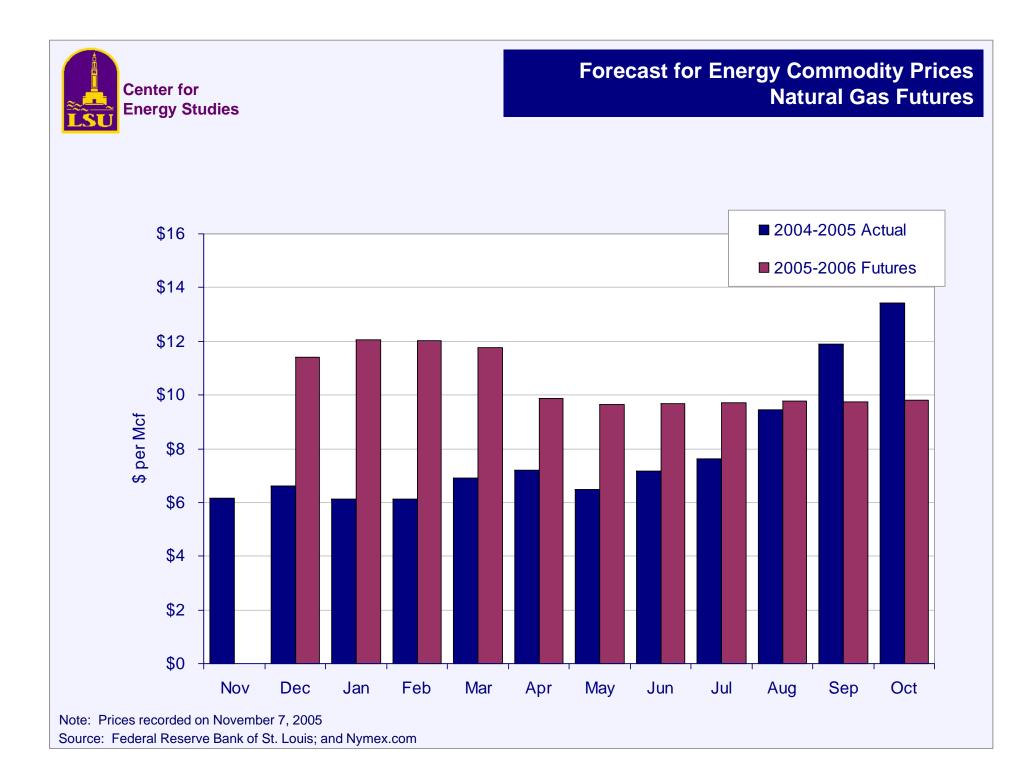


Note: Assuming recovery of 2,685 barrels per day for remaining days.





Where Have We Been? Where Are We Now?





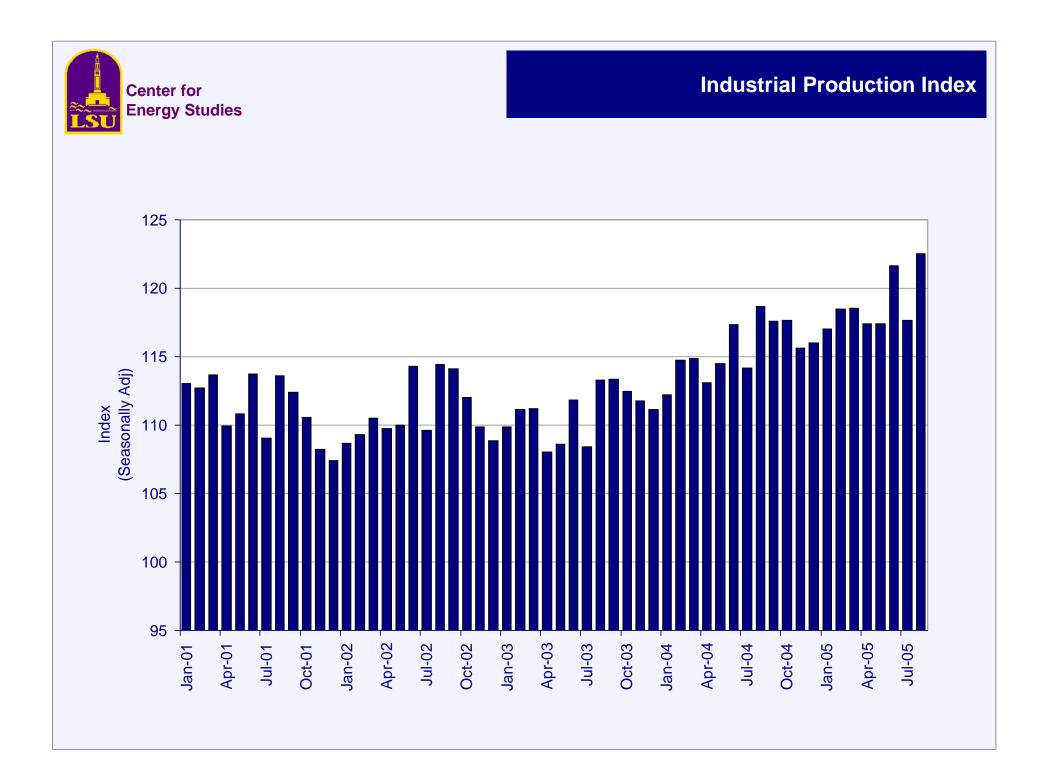
Fall Signal (Sep-Oct)	Winter Signal (Nov-Mar)	Overall 6 Mo. Market Trend		
Bullish, weather, supply concerns	Bullish, weather, supply concerns - daily super spikes probable	Bullish, low injections, set up chronic tight market conditions potential lows going into next injection season		
Range: 12.00 - 14.00	Range: 13.00 - 16.00	Range: 12.00 - 16.00		

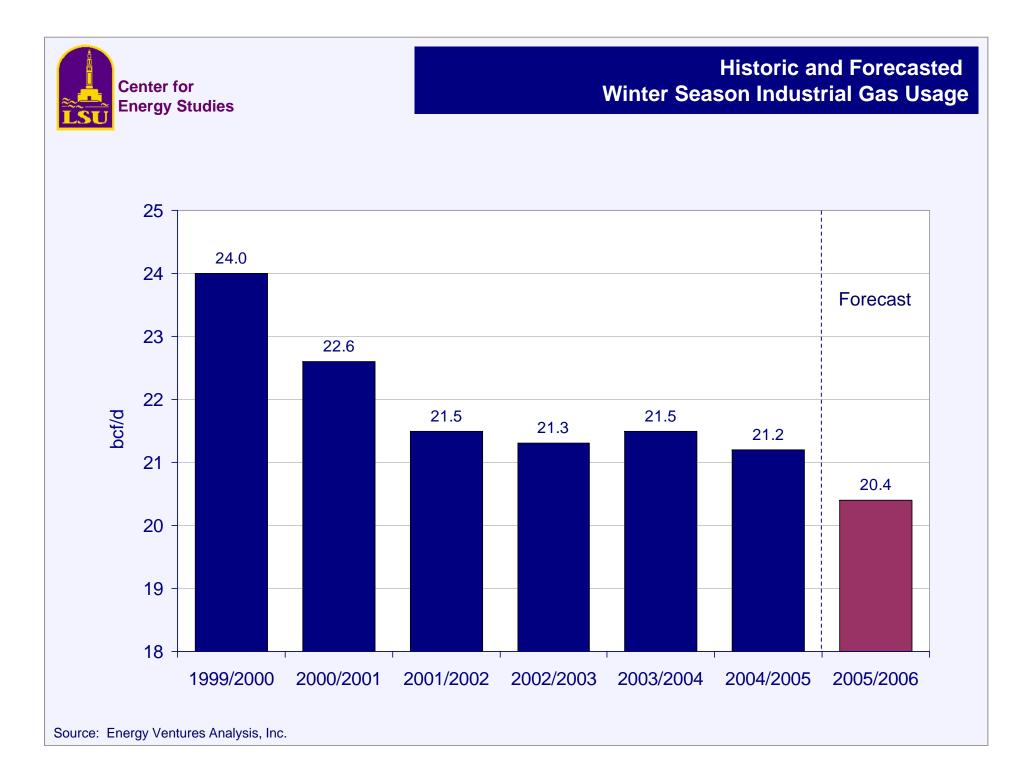
- Short term (September-October) weather futures prices are bullish for natural gas in the South and West, but neutral in the East and Midwest
- Forecast of \$58 to \$70 crude through the end of 2006. Refining capacity challenges will keep pressure on refined product prices.
- Diminishing natural gas surpluses especially in the aftermath of Katrina and Rita. Storage forecasts combined with production shut-ins call into question the supply adequacy heading into the winter season given our preliminary winter assessments. Is 3.2 tcf adequate in the face of 50 percent plus shut-ins?
- Katrina and Rita impacts felt until next hurricane season.
- Usage wild cards: weather & industrial activity



Outlook for Winter Gas Demand

	Winter 2005-2006		Winter 2004-2005		Difference	
		Average		Average		Average
Sector	(Bcf)	(Bcf/d)	(Bcf)	(Bcf/d)	(Bcf)	(Bcf/d)
Residential	3,710	24.6	3,453	22.9	257	1.7
Commercial	1,975	13.1	1,893	12.5	82	0.6
Industrial	3,084	20.4	3,200	21.2	(116)	(0.8)
Electric	1,864	12.3	1,849	12.2	15	0.1
Lease, Plant and Pipeline Fuel	815	5.4	791	5.3	24	0.1
Total	11,448	75.8	11,186	74.1	262	1.7







Questions, Comments, & Discussion

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